TUA/D-TUTA/D

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MODEL	RANGE	TYPE	OUTPUT	
	%R.H. ⁽¹⁾	- · · · · -	SIGNAL	
TU-A22	0100	Room	420 mA	
TU-A32	0100	Room	010 V-	
TUTA32(2)	0100	Room	010 V-	
TUTA32N ⁽	⁽³⁾ 0100	Room	010 V-	
TU-D22	0100	Duct	420 mA	
TU-D32	0100	Duct	010V-	
TUTD32(2)	0100	Duct	010 V-	
TUTD32N	(3) 0100	Duct	010 V-	

- (1) Range extremes corresponding to output signal extremes For real operation range see "working temperature" at TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS chapter.
- (2) Models equipped with temperature sensing element Balco
- (3) Models equipped with temperature sensing element NTC.

APPLICATION AND USE

Humidity transmitters, also available with temperature sensing element, are used in air conditioning for the measurement of % Relative Humidity.

OPERATION

All the transmitters detect the humidity value to be measured through a capacitive sensing element, whose signal, linearized and amplified, is transformed into either a voltage output signal (0...10 V-) or a current (4 .. 20 mA) output signal.

In the models equipped with temperature sensors, a Balco or NTC resistance is the sensing element.

MANUFACTURING CHARACTERISTICS

TU.A humidity transmitters consist of a thermoplastic case containing the electronic card with terminals for electrical connections.

TU.D duct humidity transmitters also consist of a thermoplastic case; the electronic card is placed at the end of a tube with vents coming out from the rear side of the casing. Sensing element has very high sensibility features and ultra-fast response. The sensing element is not effected by condensation, it may be immersed in distilled water without degrading the calibration accuracy.

Case cover is fastened by screws and in room models (TU.A) is slotted for air circulation.

Both humidity and temperature sensing elements are directly connected to the electronic card. Circuits are protected against both shorts and polarity error.

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Power supply

TU..3 either 15...25 V- or 24~ +10..-15%

(50...60 Hz)

TU..2 See "Installation"

Power consumption 1 VA

Range See available models

Precision \pm 3% between 10% and 90% R.H.

 \pm 5% from 0 to 10% and 90 to

100% R.H.

Sensing element

humidity capacitive

temperature Balco 1000 ohm at 21,1 °C

(TUTx32)

NTC 5000 ohm at 25 °C (TUTx32N)

Outup signal

TU..3 0...10 V -TU..2 4...20 mA

Max. load

TU...3 1 mA (20 mA short circuit)

TU..2 600 ohm

Operation range

humidity 0...100% R.H.

temperature (TUT..) T50 °C

Room temperature

working -10T 60 °C storage -25T 65 °C

Terminal strips screw-type for 2,5 mm² max leads

Conduit openings (TU.D) PG9 cable glands

Casing protection degree

TU.A IP 30 TU.D IP 55 Mass (weight) 0,2 Kg max

Time constant 5 s (33...76% R.H.)

In compliance with EMC 89/336 directive:

- EN 50081-1 for emission - EN 50082-1 for immunity

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ISO 9000

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POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS AND CONNECTIONS

Transmitters may be connected to any controller, provided it accepts an input signal compatible (both as regards type and range) with the transmitter signal.

In particular, TU..3 temperature transmitters may be connected to Controlli WH572, WH574, WM557, WV539 and WV511 controllers; TUT. transmitters may be connected to WE593 enthalpy controller.

INSTALLATION

Models with current output (TU..2) are supplied by the same S4 and S5 terminals from which they output their signal. A direct voltage must be present at S4 (S5) terminal; this voltage will not be lower than the value - in Volts - given by the following formula:

$$V = (0.02 \times Z) + 8.2$$

where Z is the input impedance of the controller, in Ohms. Do not use leads with cross-section lower than 1 mm². Carry out the connections in compliance with existing standards.

TU.A transmitters

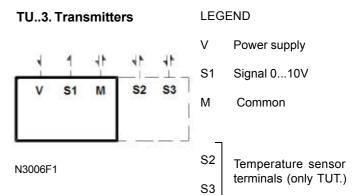
Mount the transmitter on a wall at approximates 1.5 m from floor level, in a place where it will be affected by room average temperature and humidity. Avoid installation near doors, windows, heat sources and in places where there is no air circulation. Remove the lid and fasten the transmitter to the wall by screws, using the two holes provided for this purpose on the case bottom (see fig. 1).

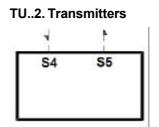
TU.D transmitters

Mount the transmitter by fastening the relevant flange (see fig. 2) to duct wall (if possible-in a central position with respect to the duct).

In order to guarantee a long-lasting performance, clean the filter from time to time, using compressed air (avoid brushes, abrasive and cleansing fluids which might damage the filter). Frequency of this maintenance depends of air quality.

WIRING CONNECTIONS





LEGEND



N3006F2

OVERALL DIMENSIONS (mm)

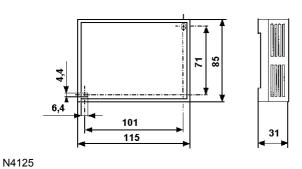


Fig. 1

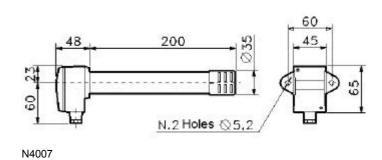


Fig. 2

The performances stated on this sheet can be modified without any prior notice due to design improvement.

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